

Senator Albert “Al” Bauer 1928-2021



Retired State Senator Albert “Al” Bauer ’55 in a photo taken on Clark College’s campus in 2008. *Photo: Clark College/Jenny Shadley*

Longtime State Legislator and Clark College alumnus Albert “Al” Bauer, whose work made a major impact on not just Clark College but on all of Washington State’s educational system, died today at the age of 92.

“Clark College has a heavy but grateful heart today as we mourn the passing of retired State Senator Al Bauer,” said Clark College President Karin Edwards. “We extend our deepest sympathies to his family. Penguin Nation has lost a great man who dedicated his life to supporting students and our community.”

During his time as a legislator, Bauer championed the cause of public education in Washington State. He conceived of the Running Start program, which allows eligible high school students to attend community college tuition-free. He is also largely credited with making possible the Vancouver location of Washington State University. Indeed, the building at Clark College where the first WSUV classes were taught—before the university’s permanent campus was built—now bears his name. Bauer Hall now houses many of Clark College’s math classrooms, as well as faculty and staff offices.

Yet the man who once was declared the “education senator” by Washington Gov. Gary Locke was himself a high school dropout. The son of a local dairy farmer, he planned to go into farming as well and thought he wouldn’t need an education.

But in 1948, after being laid off from his 80-cents-an-hour cannery job and earning the equivalent of a GED through a

correspondence course, Bauer went to Clark College requesting admission as a freshman. He suspected he might be rejected. Instead, the office congratulated him on his effort, allowed him to enroll, and urged him to keep his grades up.

"That was the turning point in my whole life," he said on the occasion of Clark College's 75th anniversary. "I attribute whatever I've done to my family and to Clark College for encouraging me to keep going."

Bauer attended Clark for two quarters before leaving to enlist in the U.S. Navy, where he served for six years. While in the Navy, he trained new recruits in navigation. This gave him his first experience with teaching, and when he left the Navy in 1954, he re-enrolled at Clark with the idea of becoming a teacher.

Bauer always praised the education he received at Clark College. During the college's 75th anniversary, he spoke about Herman Foster, who taught German, among other subjects. "He would say, 'Albert, you probably ought to get a little tutoring,'" said Bauer. "Come in at 4 o'clock three nights a week and let's see if we can keep you on track.' He was just a dedicated academic."

After earning a bachelor's degree from Portland State University and a Master of Education from Oregon State University, Bauer took that example to heart during his own 20-year career teaching in area schools.

It was Bauer's teaching career that eventually led to his next career in politics. He became active in the teacher's union and was elected president of the Vancouver Education Association. In 1970, he was elected to the Washington State House of Representatives, where he served for nine years. By his second term, he chaired the Education Committee and began earning a reputation as a creative and committed champion of public education. In 1980, he left the House to run for State

Senator, a position that he went on to hold for 20 years.

Bauer brought his experiences as both a student and a teacher to his legislative work around education. It was thinking about how to lower the state's high school drop-out rate, as well as the boredom he felt during his own high school years, that inspired him to propose the Running Start program.

Bauer never forgot his experiences at Clark College and was a staunch supporter of the college that gave him his educational start. He was a longtime donor to scholarships funded through Clark College Foundation. But he never meant or expected to have his name on a building. Bauer's late wife, Pat, and fellow state Sen. Joe Tanner, sought—without Bauer's knowledge—to have a Clark building named for him. He later said he was shocked when he learned his name was emblazoned on Bauer Hall.

This article will be updated with details of his memorial service when they are available.

To read more about Sen. Al Bauer, read this article from Clark College Foundation's *Partners Magazine*.